

A skin barrier recovery agent obtained by a vehiculation technology that allows to form extremely stable structures to better deliver its active compounds.

The combination of an intracellular lipid component (ceramides) and a sugary humectant agent (trehalose) makes Tri-Solve® the perfect ingredient to restore the stratum corneum and inhibit dehydration damages.





TRI-SOLVE®



INCI NAME

Tri-Solve®

Trehalose, Ceramide NS, Cholesterol, Hydrogenated Lecithin

Tri-Solve® P

Trehalose, Ceramide NS, Phytosterols, Hydrogenated Lecithin

APPLICATIONS

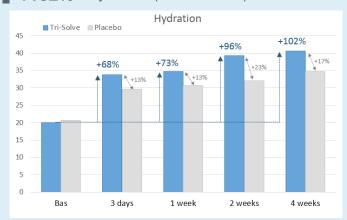
Hydrating and repairing treatments, extremely dry skins (also in case of psoriasis, dermatitis).

EFFICACY TESTS

IN VITRO

+ 68% hydration (after 3 days)

+102% hydration (after 4 weeks)



 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Figure 1:} & \textbf{Evaluation of hydrating efficacy of a cream with Tri-Solve 2\% vs baseline and placebo. \end{tabular}$

- 36% TEWL (after 3 days)

- 54% TEWL (after 4 weeks)

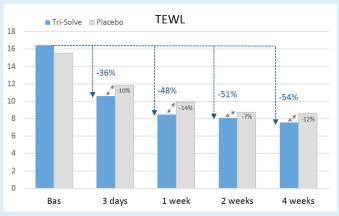


Figure 2: Evaluation of TEWL reduction of a cream with Tri-Solve 2% vs baseline and placebo

SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance: viscous gel

Colour: from yellow to amber

Odor: characteristic pH (sol.10%): 4.50 – 7.50 Dry residue (at 105°): 77.00 – 87.00 %

Suggested dosage: 1 - 3%

DEDIEN	T.C.		DUAGE	
	LSI	IN6882B		
	HEFAIRING	MIGHT	CHLAIM	

DEDAIDING NIGHT CDEAM

25100025		
INGREDIENTS	PHASE	%
Water	А	58.65
Disodium EDTA		0.10
Sodium Benzoate		0.40
Glycerin		3.00
Hydroxyacetophenone		0.60
Dolcévia® (Stevioside)		0.40
Konjac flour		0.40
Phytocream® 2000 (Potassium Palmitoyl	В	10.00
Hydrolized Wheat Protein, Glyceryl Stearate,		
Cetearyl Alcohol)		
Caprylic/Capric Triglyceride		6.00
Dicaprylyl Ether		7.00
Almond Oil		3.00
Diheptyl Succinate, Capryloyl Glycerin/		1.00
Sebacic Acid Copolymer		
Coco-Caprylate (and) Undecane (and)		2.00
Tridecane		
Lecithin, Tocopherol, Ascorbyl Palmitate,		0.05
Citric Acid		
Tocopherol		0.10
Water	С	1.00
Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate		0.10
TRI-SOLVE® (Trehalose, Ceramide NS,	D	2.00
Cholesterol, Hydrogenated Lecithin)		
Bipure (Azelaoyl Bis-Dipeptide-10 and	Е	4.00
Citrate buffer and Glycerin)		
Fragrance	F	0.20

METHOD

Heat phase A at 75°C, then add Konjac flour under fast stirring. Heat phase B at 70°C. Add phase B to A under fast stirring until it forms a homogeneous system. Cool down and add phase C at 50°C, then add the other phases under slow stirring until it forms a homogeneous system.

CHARACTERISTICS

Aspect: semi consistent emulsion

Colour: Ivory
Odour: Characteristic
pH: 5.5 - 6.5

Brookfield Viscosity

(SP 5 RPM 50): 4'000 - 11'000 mPa